

## 学位英语模拟测试三

### Part I Vocabulary and Structure (30%)

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题目说明:Directions: There are 20 incomplete sentences in this section. For each sentence there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE that best completes the sentence.

1. The shop assistant was dismissed as she was \_\_\_\_\_ of stealing money.  
(1.5 分)

- A. accused
  - B . charged
  - C . scolded
  - D . blamed
- 
- 

2、 \_\_\_\_\_ my mother objected, I chose to go to USA to further my study.  
( 1.5 分)

- A . In spite of
- B . Because of
- C . Despite
- D . Although

3、 It' i not a good habit to \_\_\_\_\_ what you can do today till tomorrow.  
(1.5 分)

- A . take off
  - B . put off
  - C. get off
  - D . turn off
- 
-

4. Our teacher\_\_\_\_\_much importance to listening comprehension and speaking. (1.5分)

- A . attaches
- B . touches
- C . plays
- D . pays

5、 It was difficult to guess what her\_\_\_\_\_to the news would be. ( 1.5分)

- A. impression
  - B . comment
  - C . reaction
  - D . opinion
- 
- 
- 

6、 I like listening to English songs because it can\_\_\_make me relaxed\_\_\_improve my oral English. ( 1.5分)

- A . neither; nor
  - B . either; or
  - C . not only; but also
  - D . not; but
- 
- 

7、 I wanted to find\_\_\_\_\_to live. But unluckily, I couldnr t find\_\_\_\_\_. (1.5分)

- A . somewhere; somewhere
- B . anywhere; anywhere
- C . somewhere; anywhere
- D . anywhere; somewhere

8. If you keep \_\_\_\_\_ you' ll be a very good swimmer one day. ( 1.5 分)

- A . practice to swim
- B . practicing swimming
- C . to practice to swim
- D . practice swimming

9. The manager promised to keep me \_\_\_\_\_ of how our business was going on. ( 1.5 分)

- A . to be informed
- B . on informing
- C . informed
- D . informing

10. I don' t think it' ll rain, but I' ll take an umbrella \_\_\_\_\_ it does. ( 1.5 分)

- A . on condition
- B . so that
- C . in case
- D . as if

11. His explanation made the problem \_\_\_\_\_. ( 1.5 分)

- A . even more complicated
- B . to be even more complicated
- C . became even more complicated
- D . be even more complicated

12. As is known to all, \_\_\_\_\_ is lighter than \_\_\_\_\_. (1.5 分)

- A . oil...water
- B . the oil...the water
- C . an oil...a water
- D . the oil...water

13、 I can never\_\_\_\_\_eating sweet food, which is really bad. ( 1.5分)

- 0 A. remove
- 0 B . resist
- 0 C . reject
- 0 D . object

14、 The final exam is very important. We must treat it \_\_\_\_\_(1.5分)

- 0 A. serious
- 0 B . seriously
- 0 C . careless
- 0 D . carelessly

15、 The storm has caused\_\_\_\_\_to the village. ( 1.5 分)

- 0 A . many damaged
- 0 B . much damages
- 0 C . few damages
- 0 D . much damage

16、 I know it' s nothing serious but I really can' t help \_\_about it. ( 1.5 分)

- 0 A . except to think
- 0 B . thinking
- 0 C . think
- 0 D . to think

17、 While I was in the university, I learned driving, \_\_\_\_\_is veiy useful now for me. ( 1.5 分)

- 0 A. it
- 0 B . which
- 0 C . that

0 D . what

18、\_\_\_\_\_trees were cut down. And many birds lost their homes. ( 1.5 分)

0 A . Thousands of

0 B . Two thousand of

0 C . Thousand of

0 D . Two thousands

19、Sunday is the day\_\_\_\_\_people usually don't go to work. (1.5 分)

0 A. when

0 B . which

0 C . in which

0 D . that

20、Finally, we came\_\_\_\_\_the conclusion that he has been telling lies all the time. (1.5 分)

0 A. of

0 B. into

0 C. to

0 D. at

Part II Cloze (20%)

题目说明: Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are three choices marked A, B and C, You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage.

Cars are an important part of life in the United States. Without a car, most people feel that they are poor. And even if a person is poor he doesn't feel really poor 1 (A. when; B. although; C. so) he has a car. Henry Ford was the man 2 (A. he; B. who; C. whom) first started making cars in large numbers. He probably didn't know 3 (A. how many; B. how far; C. how much) the car was going to change American culture. The car made the United States a nation on wheels. 4 (A. And; B. But; C. For) it helped make the United States what it is today. There are three main reasons the car became so 5 (A. qualified; B. popular; C. different) in the United States. 6 (A. First of all; B. Firstly of all; C. In all),

the country is a huge one and Americans like to move 7 (A. toward; B. on; C. around) it. The car provides the most comfortable and 8 (A. most expensive; B. cheapest; C. slowest) form of transportation. 9 (A. As; B. With; C. Like) a car people can go to any place without spending a lot of money. The second reason cars are popular is the fact 10 (A. which; B. that; C. why) the United States never really 11 (A. developed; B. bought; C. made) a practical and cheap public travel system. Long-distance trains have never been 12 (A. too; B. as; C. more) common in the United States as they are 13 (A. in; B. on; C. about) other parts of the world. Now there is a good system of air-transport 14 (A. provided; B. providing; C. provide) by planes. But it is 15 (A. so; B. as; C. too) expensive to be used frequently. The third reason is the most important one, though. The American spirit of independence is 16 (A. how; B. what; C. that) really made cars popular. Americans don't like to wait 17 (A. for; B. on; C. at) a bus, or a train or even a plane. They don't like to have to 18 (A. follow; B. draw; C. make) an exact timetable. A car gives them the freedom to plan 19 (A. themselves own; B. theirs own; C. their own) time. And this is the freedom that Americans want 20 (A. best; B. most; C. least) to have.

21、 1 (1 分)

- A . when
  - B . although
  - C . so
- 

22、 2 (1 分)

- A. he
  - B . who
  - C . whom
- 

23、 3 (1 分)

- A . how many
- B . how far
- C . how much

24、 4 (1 分)

- A . And
  - B . But
  - C . For
-

25、 5 (1 分)

- A . qualified
  - B . popular
  - C. Different
- 

26、 6 (1 分)

- A .First of all
  - B . Firstly of all
  - In all
- 

27、 7 ( 1 分)

- O A. toward
  - O B . on
  - O C . around
- 

28、 8 (1 分)

- O A . most expensive
  - O B . cheapest
  - O C . slowest
- 

29、 9 ( 1 分)

- O A. As
  - O B . With
  - O C . Like
- 

30、 10 (1 分)

- O A. which

B .that

C. why

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**31.11 (1 分)**

A. developed

B . bought

C . made

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**32, 12 ( 1 分)**

A . too

B. as

C. more

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**33、13 (1 分)**

A . in

B . on

C.about

---

**34、14 (1 分)**

A. provided

B . providing

C . provide

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**35、15 (1 分)**

A .so

B . as

C . too

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36、16 (1 分)

- A. how
  - B . what
  - C . that
- 

37、17 (1 分)

- A . for
  - B . on
  - C.at
- 

38、18 (1 分)

- A . follow
  - B . draw
  - C . make
- 

39、19 (1 分)

- A . themselves own
  - B . theirs own
  - C . their own
- 

40、20 (1 分)

- A. best
- B . most
- C. least

**Part III Reading Comprehension (20%)**

题目说明:Directions: There are two passages in this section. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them

there are 4 choices marked A, B, C, and D. Decide on the ONE that best answers the question or finishes the statement.

**Passage 1 : Questions 1 to 4 are based on the following passage.**

Today, roller skating is easy and fun. But a long time ago, it wasn't easy at all. Before 1750, the idea of skating didn't exist. That changed because of a man named Joseph Merlin. Merlin's work was making musical instruments. In his spare time he liked to play the violin. Joseph Merlin was a man of ideas and dreams. People called him a dreamer. One day Merlin got an invitation to attend a fancy dress ball. He was very pleased and a little excited. As the day of the party came near, Merlin began to think how to make a grand entrance at the party. He had an idea. He thought he would get a lot of attention if he could skate into the room. Merlin tried different ways to make himself roll. Finally, he decided to put two wheels under each shoe. These were the first roller skates. Merlin was proud of his invention and dreamed of arriving at the party on wheels while playing the violin. On the night of party, Merlin rolled into the room playing his violin. Everyone was astonished to see him. There was just one problem. Merlin had no way to stop his roller skates. He rolled on and on. Suddenly, he ran into a huge mirror that was hanging on the wall. Down fell the mirror, breaking to pieces. Nobody forgot Merlin's grand entrance for a long time!

**41. The text is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_ . (2.5 分)**

- A . a strange man
  - B . an unusual party
  - C . how roller skating began
  - D . how people enjoyed themselves in the 18th century
- 
- 

**42、 People thought Merlin was a dreamer because he \_\_\_\_\_ . (2.5 分)**

- A . often gave others surprises
  - B . was a gifted musician
  - C . invented the roller skates
  - D . was full of ideas and dreams
- 
-

43、Merlin put wheels under his shoes in order to \_\_\_\_\_. (2.5 分)

- O A . impress the party guests
  - O B . arrive at the party sooner
  - O C . test his invention
  - O D . show his skill in walking on wheels
- 
- 

44、What is the main point the writer is trying to make in the last paragraph?  
( 2.5 分)

- O A . The roller skates needed further improvement.
- O B . The party guests took Merlin for a fool.
- O C . Merlin succeeded beyond expectation.
- O D . Merlin got himself into trouble.

**Passage 2 : Questions 5 to 8 are based on the following passage.**

More than 30,000 drivers and front seat passengers are killed or seriously injured each year. At the speed of only 30 miles per hour it is the same as falling from a third-floor window. Wearing a seat belt saves lives; it reduces your chance of death

or serious injury by more than half. Therefore drivers or front seat passengers over 14 in most vehicles must wear a seat belt. If you do not, you could be fined up to £ 50. it will not be up to the drivers to make sure you wear your belt. But it will be the driver, s responsibility to make sure that children under 14 do not ride in the front unless they are wearing a seat belt of some kind.

However, you do not have to wear a seat belt if you are reversing your vehicle; or you are making a local delivery or collection using a special vehicle; or if you have a valid medical certificate which excuses you from wearing it. Make sure these circumstances apply to you before you decide not to wear you seat belt. Remember you may be taken to court for not doing so, and you may be fined if you cannot prove to the court that you have been excused from wearing it.

45、This text is taken from \_\_\_\_\_. (2.5 分)

- O A . a medical magazine
- O B . a police report

O C . a legal document

O D . a government information booklet

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**46、 Wearing a seat belt in a vehicle\_\_\_\_\_ . ( 2.5 分)**

O A . reduces road accidents by more than half

O B . saves lives while driving at a speed up to 30 miles per hour

O C . reduces the death rate in traffic accidents

O D . saves more than 15,000 lives each year

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**47、 It is the driver\* s responsibility to\_\_\_\_\_ . ( 2.5 分)**

(•) A . make the front seat passenger wear a seat belt

O B . make the front seat children under 14 wear a seat belt

O C . stop children riding in the front seat

O D . wear a seat belt each time he drives

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**48、 According to the text, which of the following riding in the front does not have to wear a seat belt ? ( 2.5 分)**

O A . Someone who is backing the car into a space

O B . Someone who is picking up the children from the local school.

O C . Someone who is delivering invitation letters.

O D . Someone who is under 14

**Part IV Translation (15%)**

**题目说明： Directions: Translate the following sentences into English.**

**49、 因为交通拥堵，他们上学迟到了。(3分)**

- 50、我父亲过去常制嘞，但最近已经戒了。（3分）
- 51、非常感谢邀请我参加你的聚会。（3分）
- 52、昨天直到雨停了孩子们才离开学校。（3分）
- 53、你一到上海就给我打个电话好吗？（3分）

**Part V Writing (15%)**

**题目说明:Directions: For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a composition on the topic The Advantages and Disadvantages of**

**Wechat. You should write at least 100 words following the outline given below in Chinese.**

- 54、1.微信在生活中的应用
- 2.微信的利与弊 (15分)